

ASTM E 90-09: Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission of Building Partitions and Elements**Orfield** Laboratories Inc**Design Research Testing**

Acoustics / Vibration / Vision / Lighting / Architecture / Market Research

TEST

Client: **Cemco**
Report Date: **January 26, 2015**
Test Date: **October 27, 2015**
Test Number: **OL15-1009**

RESULT SUMMARY**STC=53****CLIENT****ADDRESS**

Cemco
263 North Covina Lane
City of Industry, CA 91744
(800) 775-2362

Prepared by:

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ACCREDITATION

For the scope of accreditation
under NVLAP code 200248-0

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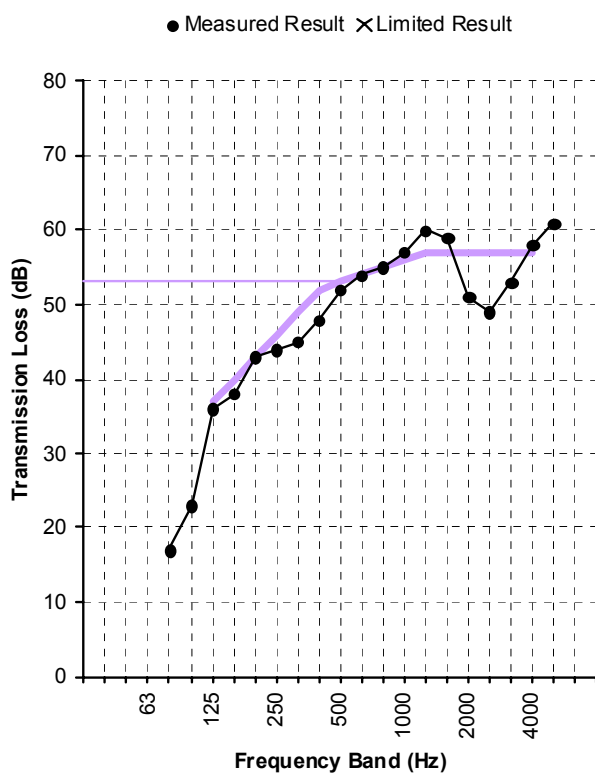




Test Date October 27, 2015
Specimen Wall Assembly

Method ASTM Standard E90
Technician D. Berg

Single Number Rating
STC = 53



Freq. (Hz)	TL (dB)	Def. (dB)
80	17	
100	23	
125	36	1
160	38	2
200	43	-
250	44	2
315	45	4
400	48	4
500	52	1
630	54	-
800	55	-
1000	57	-
1250	60	-
1600	59	-
2000	51	6
2500	49	8
3150	53	4
4000	58	-
5000	61	
Total Deficiencies		32

* Estimate of lower limit

Assembly Elements (listed in order from source room side to receiver room side)

- _ Trim-Tex Deflection Bead at head
- _ no sealant at top of wall
- 0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (vs); 1.625" type S screw @ 12" O.C.
- 0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (v); 1.25" type S screw @ 12" O.C.
- Cemco FAS Track 1000 20 ga. top track
- Cemco Viper 20 mil. steel studs @ 24" O.C.
- (3.5") fiberglass insulations (R13)
- 0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (v); 1.25" type S screw @ 12" O.C.
- 0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (vs); 1.625" type S screw @ 12" O.C.

(h) = horizontal installation

(v) = vertical installation

(vs) = vertical installation with staggered seams



SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION

The specimen under test was a wall assembly. The elements in the assembly are described briefly below the results table and chart on page 2. Detailed information regarding the specimen may be found in Appendix C.

Test results pertain to this specimen only.

INSTALLATION AND DISPOSITION

The 3-5/8" steel track and frame was constructed on October 27, 2015. The framing and insulation were retained for subsequent tests in the series. Independent contractors fabricated the test specimen and sealed it in the specimen opening as described in the detailed sample description in Appendix C. Qualified representatives of Orfield Laboratories observed the installation progress, and visually inspected the specimen prior to testing.

TEST METHODS

The methods followed these published standards:

ASTM E90-09*: *Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements*

ASTM E413-10: *Classification for Rating Sound Insulation*

The values presented in this report are from single-direction transmission loss measurements.

** Orfield Laboratories, Inc. has been accredited by the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for this test procedure. This report shall not be used to claim product certification, approval or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.*

CONFIDENTIALITY

The client has full control over this information and any release of information will be only to the client. The specific testing results are deemed to be confidential exclusively for the client's use. Reproduction of this report, except in full, is prohibited.



APPENDIX A: MEASUREMENT SETUP

Environment

Temperature 69°F [20.6°C]

Relative Humidity 50%

Specimen Area

Specimen Area 64.5 ft² [5.99 m²]

Chamber Volume - Airborne Transmission

Source Room Volume 3284 ft³ [93.0 m³]

Receiving Room Volume 8281 ft³ [234.5 m³]

Chamber Volume - Impact Transmission

Source Room Volume 8281 ft³ [234.5 m³]

Receiving Room Volume 2062 ft³ [58.4 m³]

INSTRUMENTATION

Description	Brand	Model	S/N
Analyzer	Norsonic	Type 121	31185
Calibrator	Brüel & Kjær	Type 4230	372201
Microphone	Brüel & Kjær	Type 4134	296819
Microphone	Brüel & Kjær	Type 4134	1675265
Preamplifier	G.R.A.S.	TMS126AF	10038
Preamplifier	Brüel & Kjær	Type 2639	1312147
Rotating Boom	Brüel & Kjær	Type 3923	936491
Rotating Boom	Brüel & Kjær	Type 3923	2036583
Power Supply	Brüel & Kjær	Type WB1057	n/a
Loudspeakers	JBL	EON15	J149N-023374 J149N-024235 J149N-137360
Subwoofer	JBL	JRX-118SP	P0370-018539



APPENDIX B: CALCULATION RESULTS

Freq. Band (Hz)	Specimen T.L. (dB)	95% Conf. (dB)	Flanking Limit (dB)	STC Defic. (dB)
25				
31.5	30.7 §		40	
40	17.3		47	
50	22.2		43	
63	20.4		43	
80	16.9	±5.02	41	
100	23.4	±3.05	46	
125	36.0	±2.35	51	1
160	37.6	±2.38	55	2
200	42.6	±1.55	57	-
250	44.3	±1.09	60	2
315	44.7	±0.89	60	4
400	48.2	±0.74	61	4
500	52.3	±0.98	66	1
630	54.0	±0.93	68	-
800	54.8	±0.52	72	-
1000	56.8	±0.67	75	-
1250	59.5	±0.85	72	-
1600	59.0	±0.49	73	-
2000	51.2	±0.38	77	6
2500	49.4	±0.57	81	8
3150	52.8	±0.70	84	4
4000	57.9	±0.50	78	-
5000	60.6			
6300	64.7			
8000	66.8 *			
10000	62.0 *			
Total deficiencies below STC contour (dB)				32
STC contour [ASTM E413]				53

* Actual transmission loss of specimen may be higher than measured at this frequency band. Signal-to-noise in the receiving room less than 5 dB, therefore the result is "an estimate of the lower limit".

Note: 95% confidence intervals for T.L. measurements from room qualification data. ASTM 1289 reference sample and repeatability data available upon request. The standard deviation of reproducibility is stated in ASTM E90 as <2 dB for frequencies from 125 Hz to 4 kHz. Flanking Limit from chamber flanking study. Extended frequency results below 80Hz and above 5000Hz are for reference only.



APPENDIX C: SPECIMEN ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

The following table shows the description of the wall assembly.

Overall Mass = 627.1 lb [284.4 kg]

Overall Surface Density = 9.72 PSF [47.47 kg/m²]

Element	Mass lb [kg]	Surf. Dens. PSF [kg/m ²]
_ Trim-Tex Deflection Bead at head	3.3 [1.5]	0.05 [0.25]
_ no sealant at top of wall		
0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (vs); 1.625" type S screw @ 12" O.C.	144.0 [65.3]	2.23 [10.90]
0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (v); 1.25" type S screw @ 12" O.C.	143.0 [64.9]	2.22 [10.82]
Cemco FAS Track 1000 20 ga. top track		
Cemco Viper 20 mil. steel studs @ 24" O.C.	30.3 [13.7]	0.47 [2.29]
(3.5") fiberglass insulations (R13)	19.2 [8.7]	0.30 [1.45]
0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (v); 1.25" type S screw @ 12" O.C.	143.9 [65.3]	2.23 [10.89]
0.625" (5/8") type X gypsum (vs); 1.625" type S screw @ 12" O.C.	143.5 [65.1]	2.22 [10.86]

(h) = horizontal installation

(v) = vertical installation

(vs) = vertical installation with staggered seams

Cemco FAS Track 1000 slotted track, Cemco ViperStuds and the Trim-Tex Deflection Bead were supplied by the Client. The type X gypsum board sheeting was also provided by the client and was shipped directly from a third party supplier. All other materials were purchased through local retail channels. All materials were weighed prior to installation. Weights of fasteners and sealant are not represented in the above totals.

FRAMING

A steel frame was constructed in the laboratory test opening. The framing consisted of a Cemco 20 gauge (.0346" thick) FAS Track 1000, slotted head track, a Cemco 3-5/8" x 1-1/4", 20 gauge equivalent (.0205" thick) steel bottom track, and 5 Cemco ViperStud, 3-5/8" x 1-1/4", 20 gauge equivalent (0.0205") steel studs installed 24" on center. The Cemco FAS Track 1000 slotted top track was fastened to the top of the test opening with screws and concrete anchors.

INSULATION

Fiberglass insulation batts were installed in the stud cavities. The insulation batts were 24" wide, 3.5" thick R13, and were friction fit into each of the 4 stud cavities.



SHEETING

The source room side sheeting consisted of two 5/8" thick gypsum board sheeting layers. The inner source room side sheeting consisted of two sheets of 5/8" thick type X gypsum board fastened parallel to the steel studs with 1-1/4" long, type S drywall screws spaced at 12" O.C. in the field and spaced at 8" at the sheet edges. The outer source room side sheeting layer was installed parallel to the studs with 1-5/8" type S drywall screws spaced at 12" O.C. in the field and spaced at 8" O.C. at the sheet edges. The outer layer of gypsum board sheets was split to stagger the seams from the inner layer. The three split sections consisted of one 24" wide section at each of the two sides and one 48" wide section in the center.

Both layers of gypsum board sheeting were cut short at the head to intentionally leave a gap of approximately 1/2" across the top.

The receiver room side sheeting consisted of two 5/8" thick gypsum board sheeting layers. The inner receiver room side sheeting consisted of two sheets of 5/8" thick type X gypsum board fastened parallel to the steel studs with 1-1/4" long, type S drywall screws spaced at 12" O.C. in the field and spaced at 8" at the sheet edges. The outer receiver room side sheeting layer was installed parallel to the studs with 1-5/8" type S drywall screws spaced at 12" O.C. in the field and spaced at 8" O.C. at the sheet edges. The outer layer of gypsum board sheets was split to stagger the seams from the inner layer. The three split sections consisted of one 24" wide section at each of the two sides and one 48" wide section in the center.

Both layers of gypsum board sheeting were cut short at the head to intentionally leave a gap of approximately 1/2" across the top.

Panels were shimmed at installation to leave a minimal gap at the bottom and the intentional 1/2" gap at the top. Shims were removed after sheeting was fastened and the perimeter at the sides and bottom edge was sealed on the source and receiving room sides with acoustic sealant, 1-7/8" wide, 2 mil aluminum foil tape and 7/8" dense putty tape. No sealant, foil tape, or putty tape was applied at the head edge. The seams were sealed with acoustic sealant and 2 mil aluminum foil tape.

ADDITIONAL NOTES

- Trim-Tex Deflection Bead at head of wall – one side only
- No sealant at top of wall – receiver and source room sides



APPENDIX D: SINGLE-NUMBER CALCULATION TO ISO 717-1

Freq. Band (Hz)	R_i (R_i ? TL) (dB)	Ref Curve (dB)	Unfav. Deviat. (dB)	L_{i1} Spectrum (dB)	$L_{i1} - R_i$ Level (dB)	L_{i2} Spectrum (dB)	$L_{i2} - R_i$ Level (dB)
50	22.2						
63	20.4						
80	16.9						
100	23.4	32	8.6	-29.0	-52.4	-20.0	-43.4
125	36.0	35	-	-26.0	-62.0	-20.0	-56.0
160	37.6	38	0.4	-23.0	-60.6	-18.0	-55.6
200	42.6	41	-	-21.0	-63.6	-18.0	-60.6
250	44.3	44	-	-19.0	-63.3	-15.0	-59.3
315	44.7	47	2.3	-17.0	-61.7	-14.0	-58.7
400	48.2	50	1.8	-15.0	-63.2	-13.0	-61.2
500	52.3	51	-	-13.0	-65.3	-12.0	-64.3
630	54.0	52	-	-12.0	-66.0	-11.0	-65.0
800	54.8	53	-	-11.0	-65.8	-9.0	-63.8
1000	56.8	54	-	-10.0	-66.8	-8.0	-64.8
1250	59.5	55	-	-9.0	-68.5	-9.0	-68.5
1600	59.0	55	-	-9.0	-68.0	-10.0	-69.0
2000	51.2	55	3.8	-9.0	-60.2	-11.0	-62.2
2500	49.4	55	5.6	-9.0	-58.4	-13.0	-62.4
3150	52.8	55	2.2	-9.0	-61.8	-15.0	-67.8
4000	57.9						
5000	60.6						
Sum =			24.7	$R_{A,1} =$	48.6	$R_{A,2} =$	42.4
$R_w =$			51	$C =$	-2	$C_{tr} =$	-9

$$R_w (C ; C_{tr}) = 51 (-2 ; -9)$$

$$R_w (C ; C_{tr} ; C_{50-3150} ; C_{tr, 50-3150}) = 51 (-2 ; -9 ; -5 ; -16)$$

$$R_w (C ; C_{tr} ; C_{100-5000} ; C_{tr, 100-5000}) = 51 (-2 ; -9 ; -2 ; -9)$$

$$R_w (C ; C_{tr} ; C_{50-5000} ; C_{tr, 50-5000}) = 51 (-2 ; -9 ; -4 ; -16)$$

Note: The calculations in ISO 717-1 are performed based on assumed equivalency of the ASTM and the corresponding ISO test methods. The test herein is performed according to the ASTM standards. Orfield Laboratories *does not* hold accreditation for ISO 140 or ISO 717 under their NVLAP scope of accreditation.

The spectrum adaptation terms C and C_{tr} characterize performance against two specific sound sources, A-weighted pink noise and A-weighted traffic noise respectively. The standard ISO 717-1 includes a discussion of "Use of Spectrum Adaptation Terms" in Annex A (informative).

Each spectrum adaptation term may additionally be reported with extended frequency bands included. A calculation for the primary frequency range is shown above, but all available extended-frequency calculations were performed to compare against corresponding ratings of other specimens.